## Meth Lab Awareness:

## WHAT SHOULD I LOOK OUT FOR?

Any of the following could be used in a meth lab:

Cold Medications	Starter fluid for engines
<ul> <li>Lantern fuel (also known as Coleman</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Denatured or Rubbing Alcohol</li> </ul>
Fuel and "white gas")	<ul> <li>Epsom salts or rock salts</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Propane tank with blue top</li> </ul>	Iodine
(anhydrous ammonia causes brass	<ul> <li>Matches (books or boxes)</li> </ul>
valve to discolor)	<ul> <li>Batteries (certain types of camera</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Xylene (paint thinner)</li> </ul>	batteries that contain Lithium)
Acetone	Kitty litter
<ul> <li>Antifreeze (also "Heet" and other</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Plastic tubing</li> </ul>
products used to dry fuel systems)	<ul> <li>Plastic soda or sports drink bottles</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Drain Cleaner (Red Devil Lye, other</li> </ul>	• Funnel
products that contain lye)	Needles

## WHAT DOES IT SMELL LIKE?

- paint thinner or varnish smell
- ether or a "hospital smell"
- sour or vinegary smell
- ammonia-like smell
- window cleaner, fertilizer, cat urine or rotten eggs

## WHAT SHOULD I DO IF I FIND ONE?

Notify law enforcement immediately. Never examine what you think might be a lab! They are toxic, explosive and can be rigged with booby traps (meth addicts are paranoid). Non-Emergency Police: (515) 283-4811

